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The Global Peace Index







The Global Peace Index Indicators





measures of ongoing domestic and international conflict

Including: intensity of organized internal conflicts, relations with neighbouring countries and number of deaths from conflict



10 measures of societal safety and security

Including: number of refugees and IDPs, impact of terrorism, homicide and incarceration rates

measures of militarisation

Including: military expenditure, number of armed service personnel, ease of access to small weapons

01. Key Findings





A SNAPSHOT OF THE GLOBAL STATE OF PEACE

THE STATE OF PEACE

VERY HIGH	HIGH	MEDIUM	LOW	VERY LOW	NOT INCLUDED



countries were more peaceful in 2019 than 2018

DETERIORATIONS

76

countries were less peaceful in 2019 than in 2018

OVERALL AVERAGE CHANGE (%) -0.09 The global GPI average improved

average improved 0.09 per cent from 2018 to 2019

GLOBAL PEACE INDEX 2019

2019 highlights

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The average level of country peacefilness has improved by

0.09% 7

from last year. This was the first improvement in the last five years.



Deteriorations primarily driven by changes in:

- Perceptions of Criminality
- Internal and External Conflicts Fought
- Incarceration

Improvements were driven by changes in:

- Deaths from Internal Conflict
- Military Expenditure



2019 highlights

Iceland is, again, the most peaceful country in the world

- Ukraine and Sudan had the largest improvement
- Russia and Eurasia had the largest regional improvement
- Europe remains the most peaceful region, improving for the first time since 2014, despite ongoing political instability
- Bhutan rises to 15 largest improvement of any country in top 20 - risen 43 places in 12 years





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> Afghanistan is now the world's least peaceful nation, followed by Syria

- Nicaragua and Burkina Faso had the largest deteriorations
- Central America and North America had the largest regional deteriorations
- > Iran drops 9 places to **139**
- US drops 4 places to 128 Homicide, Violent crime, Milex, Weapons Exports







10 most peaceful countries







7

8

SLOVENIA Rank change: 2 🕇

Rank change: 2 1

Rank change:

SINGAPORE

CANADA



JAPAN Rank change: 1 🖊



CZECH REPUBLIC Rank change: 3 🖡



10 least peaceful countries





AFGHANISTAN Rank change: 1 **↓**



SYRIA Rank change: 11

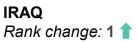


SOUTH SUDAN Rank change: 👄



YEMEN Rank change: 2







SOMALIA Rank change: 1 1



CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC *Rank change:* 1



LIBYA Rank change: 1 🕇



CONGO, DEM. REP. *Rank change:* \iff

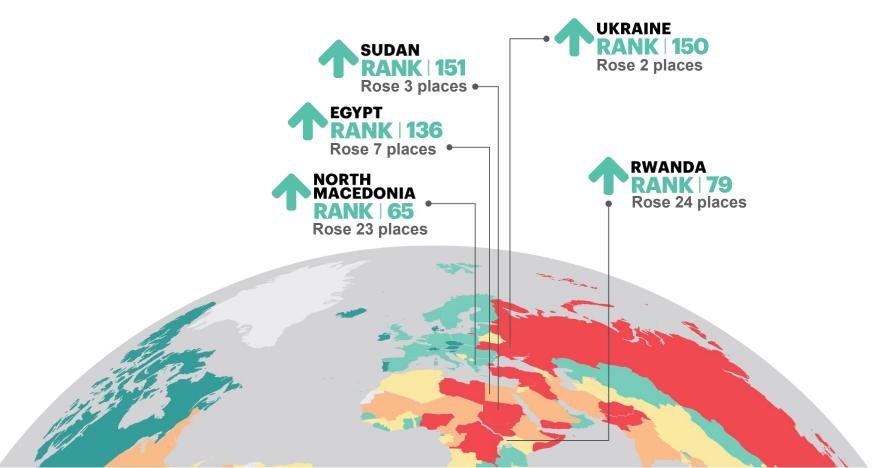


RUSSIA Rank change: 1 **↓**



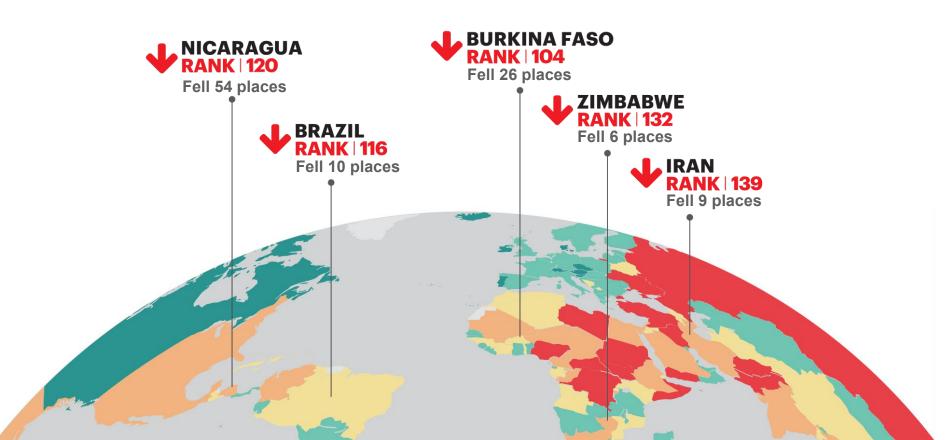
5 most improved countries





5 most deteriorated countries





02. **Trends** & Peace

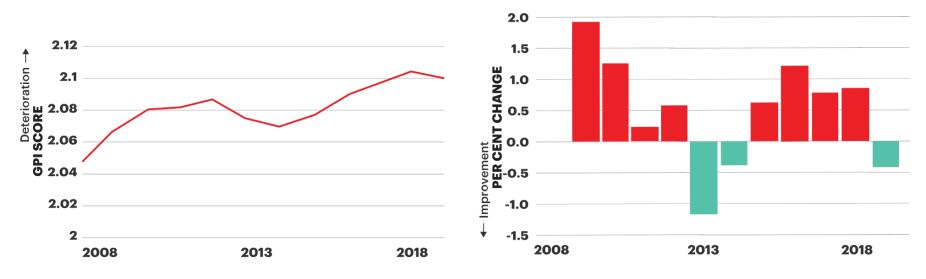
Peace in the last decade

Peacefulness has declined year on year for eight of the last eleven years.



OVERALL SCORE TREND

YOY% CHANGE



Source: IEP

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Changes in peace, 2008-2019





became more

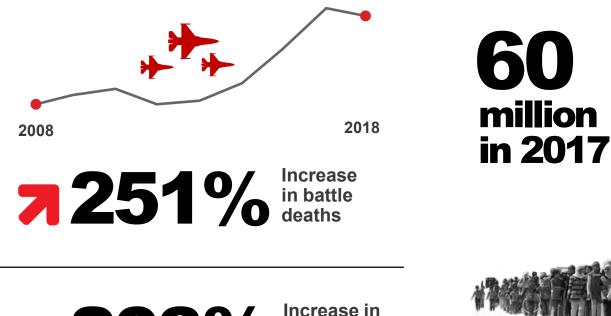
peaceful



Deteriorations in peace-10 years

7203%





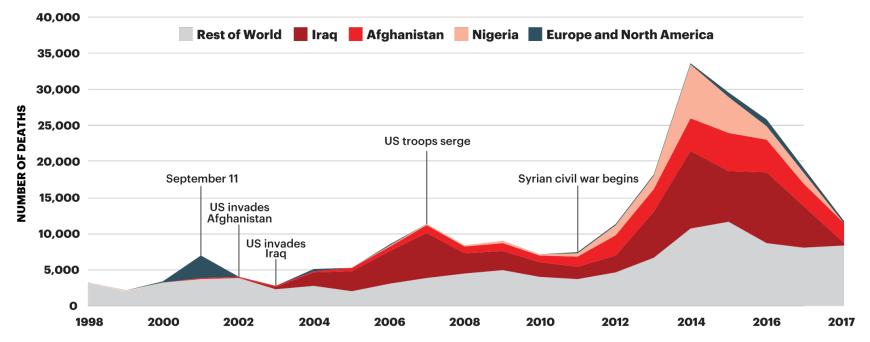
deaths from terrorism

This number of DISPLACED PEOPLE has doubled





Deaths from terrorism by country, 2018



Source: START GTD, IEP Calculations

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ECONOMICS

Improvements in peace-10 years





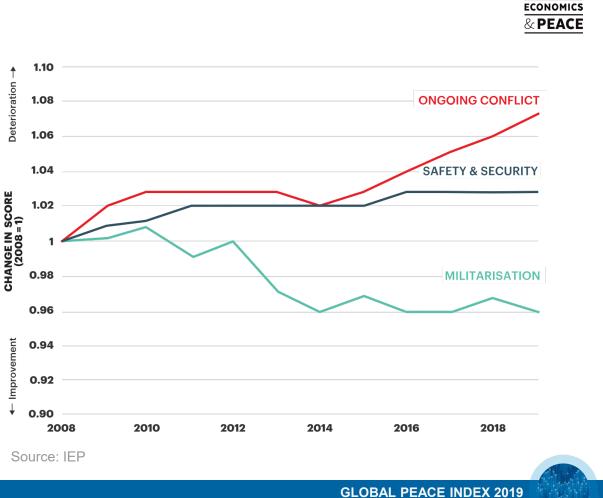
39% more countries improved than deteriorated in political terror 61% of countries reduced military expenditure as a % of GDP 72% of countries had a drop in the homicide rate

72%



Peace in the last decade

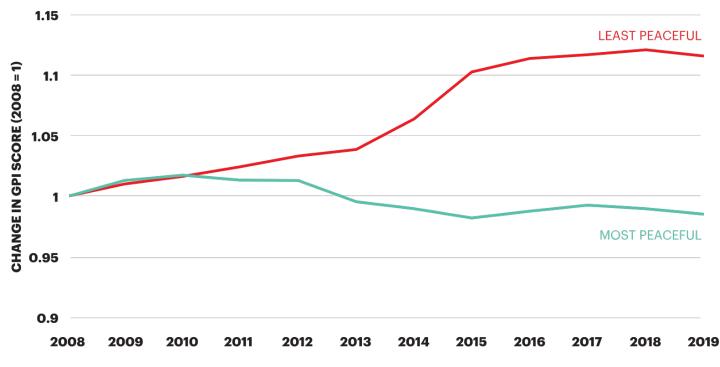
Militarisation was the only domain to improve.



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The stickiness of peace

Gap between the least and most peaceful countries continues to grow.



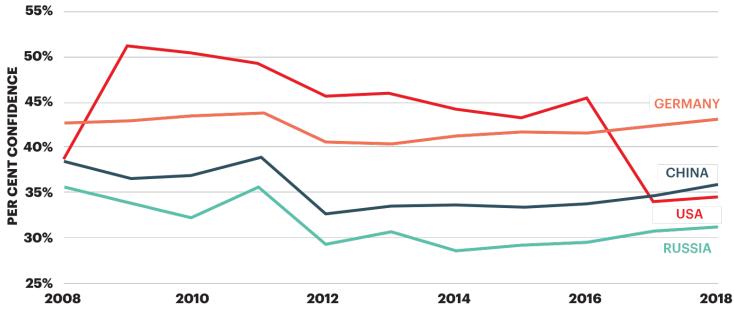
Source: IEP



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Perceptions of global leadership in 2018

Approval of Chinese leadership overtook approval of American leadership.



Source: Gallup World Poll



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Climate change and peace

- 971 million people live in areas with high or very high climate change exposure. 400 million reside in countries with low levels of peacefulness.
- Climate change can increase the likelihood of **violent conflict** through its impact on resource availability, livelihood security and migration.
- Countries with **high levels of Positive Peace** are better able to manage climate-induced shocks and tend to have higher environmental performance.





os. Economic Impact of Violence

The global cost of violence, 2019

Deaths from conflict and terrorism peaked in 2014.



GLOBAL PEACE INDEX 2019



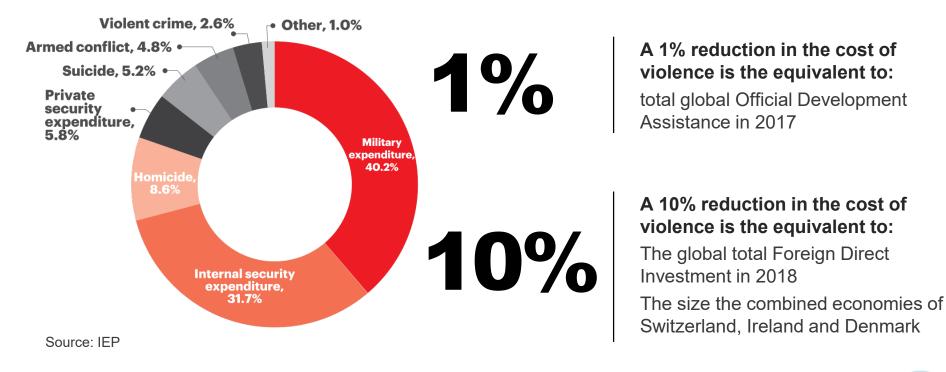


- The average economic cost of violence was equivalent to **45% of GDP** in the ten countries most impacted by violence, compared to only 2% in the ten least affected.
- In the last 70 years, per capita GDP growth has been three times higher in highly peaceful countries compared to those with low levels of peace
- Peace is positively related to changes six macro economic indicators
- GDP growth, exchange rate, inflation rate, interest rate, FDI and sovereign credit ratings



Breakdown of the economic impact of violence

Military expenditure accounts for over 40% of the total economic impact of violence.





03. Positive Peace

Defining and measuring peace

The perfect state would have no police, jails or crime.



Actual Peace

Measures:

- Crime
- Suppression
- Military
- Armed Conflict



Positive Peace

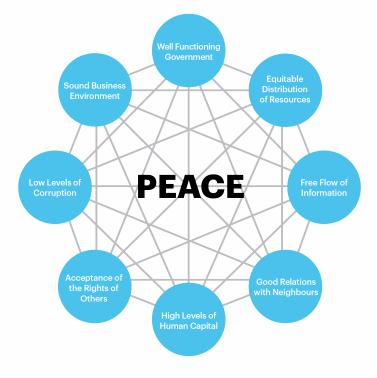
Derived through statistical analysis of datasets, indices and attitudes with the GPI

Positive Peace Index

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Positive Peace

Positive Peace creates the optimum environment for human potential to flourish.



High levels of Positive Peace are associated with:

- Higher per capita income
- > Resilience
- Better environmental outcomes
- Higher GDP growth per annum
- > Better performance on MDGs



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